I RANSPORTATION INFRASTRUCTURE FUNDING
2015 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Johnny Anderson
Senate Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill modifies provisions relating to transportation funding.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 authorizes a county to impose a local option sales and use tax for highways and
public transit;
 addresses the use of revenue collected from the local option sales and use tax for
highways and public transit;
requires a political subdivision that receives certain sales and use tax revenue to
submit certain information in audits, reviews, compilations, or fiscal reports;
repeals the cents per gallon tax rate that is imposed on motor fuels and special fuels
after a specified date;
• imposes a percentage tax per gallon on motor fuel and special fuel based on the
previous calender year statewide average rack price of a gallon of regular unleaded
motor fuel after a specified date;
 establishes procedures for the State Tax Commission to determine the previous
calendar year statewide average rack price of a gallon of regular unleaded motor
fuel;
specifies the date that the adjusted fuel tax rate shall take effect each year;
repeals the requirement to post a tax rate decal on each motor fuel or undyed special



8	fuel pump or dispensing device; and
9	 makes technical and conforming changes.
\mathbf{C}	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
1	None
2	Other Special Clauses:
3	This bill provides a special effective date.
4	Utah Code Sections Affected:
5	AMENDS:
5	51-2a-202, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 206
7	59-12-2203, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 263
3	59-13-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 369
	59-13-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 308
	59-13-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 259
	ENACTS:
	59-12-2219, Utah Code Annotated 1953
	REPEALS:
	59-13-104, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 253
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	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 51-2a-202 is amended to read:
	51-2a-202. Reporting requirements.
	(1) The governing board of each entity required to have an audit, review, compilation,
	or fiscal report shall ensure that the audit, review, compilation, or fiscal report is:
	(a) made at least annually; and
	(b) filed with the state auditor within six months of the close of the fiscal year of the
	entity.
	(2) If the political subdivision, interlocal organization, or other local entity receives
	federal funding, the audit, review, or compilation shall be performed in accordance with both
	federal and state auditing requirements.
,	(3) If a political subdivision receives revenue from a sales and use tax imposed under
3	Section 59-12-2219, the political subdivision shall identify the amount of revenue the political

59	subdivision budgets for transportation and verify compliance with Subsection 59-12-2219(7) in
60	the audit, review, compilation, or fiscal report.
61	Section 2. Section 59-12-2203 is amended to read:
62	59-12-2203. Authority to impose a sales and use tax under this part.
63	(1) As provided in this Subsection (1), one of the following sales and use taxes may be
64	imposed within the boundaries of a local taxing jurisdiction:
65	(a) a county, city, or town may impose the sales and use tax authorized by Section
66	59-12-2213 in accordance with Section 59-12-2213; or
67	(b) a city or town may impose the sales and use tax authorized by Section 59-12-2215
68	in accordance with Section 59-12-2215.
69	(2) As provided in this Subsection (2), one of the following sales and use taxes may be
70	imposed within the boundaries of a local taxing jurisdiction:
71	(a) a county, city, or town may impose the sales and use tax authorized by Section
72	59-12-2214 in accordance with Section 59-12-2214; or
73	(b) a county may impose the sales and use tax authorized by Section 59-12-2216 in
74	accordance with Section 59-12-2216.
75	(3) As provided in this Subsection (3), one of the following sales and use taxes may be
76	imposed within the boundaries of a local taxing jurisdiction:
77	(a) a county may impose the sales and use tax authorized by Section 59-12-2217 in
78	accordance with Section 59-12-2217; or
79	(b) a county, city, or town may impose the sales and use tax authorized by Section
80	59-12-2218 in accordance with Section 59-12-2218.
81	(4) A county may impose the sales and use tax authorized by Section 59-12-2219 in
82	accordance with Section 59-12-2219.
83	Section 3. Section 59-12-2219 is enacted to read:
84	59-12-2219. County option sales and use tax for highways and public transit
85	Base Rate Expenditure of revenue.
86	(1) As used in this section:
87	(a) "Class B road" means the same as that term is defined in Section 72-3-103.
88	(b) "Class C road" means the same as that term is defined in Section 72-3-104.
89	(c) "Weighted mileage" means the same as that term is defined in Section 72-2-108.

90	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this part, a county legislative body may impose a
91	sales and use tax of .25% on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) within the
92	county, including the cities and towns within the county.
93	(3) A sales and use tax under this section shall be expended as provided in Subsections
94	(4) and (5).
95	(4) If the entire boundary of a county that imposes a sales and use tax under this section
96	is within a single public transit district organized under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 8, Public
97	Transit District Act, the sales and use tax shall be expended as follows:
98	(a) .10% shall be transferred to the public transit district in accordance with Section
99	<u>59-12-2206;</u>
100	(b) .10% shall be distributed to the county and cities and towns within the county using
101	the apportionment formula described in Subsection (6) and expended for:
102	(i) a class B road;
103	(ii) a class C road;
104	(iii) traffic and pedestrian safety, including for a class B road or class C road, for:
105	(A) a sidewalk;
106	(B) curb and gutter;
107	(C) a safety feature;
108	(D) a traffic sign;
109	(E) a traffic signal;
110	(F) street lighting; or
111	(G) a combination of Subsections (4)(b)(iii)(A) through (F);
112	(iv) the construction of an active transportation facility that is for nonmotorized
113	vehicles and multimodal transportation and connects an origin with a destination; or
114	(v) a combination of Subsections (4)(b)(i) through (iv); and
115	(c) .05% shall be expended by the county for one or more regionally significant
116	transportation facilities.
117	(5) If the entire boundary of a county that imposes a sales and use tax under this section
118	is not within a single public transit district organized under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 8,
119	Public Transit District Act, the sales and use tax shall be expended as follows:
120	(a) .10% shall be distributed to the county and cities and towns within the county using

121	the apportionment formula described in Subsection (6) and expended for:
122	(i) a class B road;
123	(ii) a class C road;
124	(iii) traffic and pedestrian safety, including for a class B road or class C road for:
125	(A) a sidewalk;
126	(B) curb and gutter;
127	(C) a safety feature;
128	(D) a traffic sign;
129	(E) a traffic signal;
130	(F) street lighting; or
131	(G) a combination of Subsections (5)(a)(iii)(A) through (F);
132	(iv) the construction of an active transportation facility that is for nonmotorized
133	vehicles and multimodal transportation and connects an origin with a destination;
134	(v) public transit system services; or
135	(vi) a combination of Subsections (5)(a)(i) through (v); and
136	(b) .15% shall be expended by the county for one or more regionally significant
137	transportation facilities.
138	(6) (a) Revenue described in Subsections (4)(b) and (5)(a) shall be apportioned as
139	<u>follows:</u>
140	(i) 50% shall be apportioned in the ratio that the class B roads weighted mileage within
141	the unincorporated area of the county and class C roads weighted mileage within each city or
142	town within that county bear to the total class B and class C roads weighted mileage within the
143	county; and
144	(ii) 50% shall be apportioned in the ratio that the population of a city, town, or total
145	unincorporated area of a county bears to the total population of the county.
146	(b) (i) Population figures for purposes of this section shall be based on the most recent
147	official census or census estimate of the United States Census Bureau.
148	(ii) If a needed population estimate is not available from the United States Census
149	Bureau, population figures shall be derived from the estimate from the Utah Population
150	Estimates Committee created by executive order of the governor.
151	(c) The Department of Transportation shall biannually remit to the commission the

152	weighted mileage information required to determine the ratio under Subsection (6)(a)(i).
153	(7) Revenue collected from a sales and use tax under this section may not be used to
154	supplant existing revenue a county, city, or town budgets for transportation.
155	Section 4. Section 59-13-102 is amended to read:
156	59-13-102. Definitions.
157	As used in this chapter:
158	(1) "Aviation fuel" means fuel that is sold at airports and used exclusively for the
159	operation of aircraft.
160	(2) "Clean fuel" means:
161	(a) the following special fuels:
162	(i) propane;
163	(ii) compressed natural gas;
164	(iii) liquified natural gas; or
165	(iv) electricity; or
166	(b) any motor or special fuel that meets the clean fuel vehicle standards in the federal
167	Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990, Title II.
168	(3) "Commission" means the State Tax Commission.
169	(4) "Consumer Price Index" means the Consumer Price Index for All Urban
170	Consumers as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of
171	<u>Labor.</u>
172	[4] (a) "Diesel fuel" means any liquid that is commonly or commercially known,
173	offered for sale, or used as a fuel in diesel engines.
174	(b) "Diesel fuel" includes any combustible liquid, by whatever name the liquid may be
175	known or sold, when the liquid is used in an internal combustion engine for the generation of
176	power to operate a motor vehicle licensed to operate on the highway, except fuel that is subject
177	to the tax imposed in Part 2, Motor Fuel, and Part 4, Aviation Fuel, of this chapter.
178	[(5)] (6) "Distributor" means any person in this state who:
179	(a) imports or causes to be imported motor fuel for use, distribution, or sale, whether at
180	retail or wholesale;
181	(b) produces, refines, manufactures, or compounds motor fuel in this state for use,
182	distribution, or sale in this state;

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183	(c) is engaged in the business of purchasing motor fuel for resale in wholesale
184	quantities to retail dealers of motor fuel and who accounts for his own motor fuel tax liability;
185	or
186	(d) for purposes of Part 4, Aviation Fuel, only, makes retail sales of aviation fuel to:
187	(i) federally certificated air carriers; and
188	(ii) other persons.
189	[(6)] <u>(7)</u> "Dyed diesel fuel" means diesel fuel that is dyed in accordance with 26 U.S.C.
190	Sec. 4082 or United States Environmental Protection Agency or Internal Revenue Service
191	regulations and that is considered destined for nontaxable off-highway use.
192	[(7)] <u>(8)</u> "Exchange agreement" means an agreement between licensed suppliers where
193	one is a position holder in a terminal who agrees to deliver taxable special fuel to the other
194	supplier or the other supplier's customer at the loading rack of the terminal where the delivering
195	supplier holds an inventory position.
196	[(8)] (9) "Federally certificated air carrier" means a person who holds a certificate
197	issued by the Federal Aviation Administration authorizing the person to conduct an all-cargo
198	operation or scheduled operation, as defined in 14 C.F.R. Sec. 110.2.
199	[(9)] (10) "Fuels" means any gas, liquid, solid, mixture, or other energy source which is
200	generally used in an engine or motor for the generation of power, including aviation fuel, clean
201	fuel, diesel fuel, motor fuel, and special fuel.
202	[(10)] (11) "Highway" means every way or place, of whatever nature, generally open to
203	the use of the public for the purpose of vehicular travel notwithstanding that the way or place
204	may be temporarily closed for the purpose of construction, maintenance, or repair.
205	[(11)] (12) "Motor fuel" means fuel that is commonly or commercially known or sold
206	as gasoline or gasohol and is used for any purpose, but does not include aviation fuel.
207	[(12)] <u>(13)</u> "Motor fuels received" means:
208	(a) motor fuels that have been loaded at the refinery or other place into tank cars,
209	placed in any tank at the refinery from which any withdrawals are made directly into tank
210	trucks, tank wagons, or other types of transportation equipment, containers, or facilities other
211	than tank cars, or placed in any tank at the refinery from which any sales, uses, or deliveries not
212	involving transportation are made directly; or

(b) motor fuels that have been imported by any person into the state from any other

214	state or territory by tank car, tank truck, pipeline, or any other conveyance at the time when,
215	and the place where, the interstate transportation of the motor fuel is completed within the state
216	by the person who at the time of the delivery is the owner of the motor fuel.
217	(14) "Oil pricing service" means an organization that:
218	(a) publishes wholesale petroleum prices within the United States;
219	(b) publishes at least 25,000 rack prices on a daily basis; and
220	(c) receives daily gasoline and diesel prices from at least 100,000 retail outlets in the
221	United States and Canada.
222	[(13)] (15) (a) "Qualified motor vehicle" means a special fuel-powered motor vehicle
223	used, designed, or maintained for transportation of persons or property which:
224	(i) has a gross vehicle weight or registered gross vehicle weight exceeding 26,000
225	pounds;
226	(ii) has three or more axles regardless of weight; or
227	(iii) is used in a combination of vehicles when the weight of the combination of
228	vehicles exceeds 26,000 pounds gross vehicle weight.
229	(b) "Qualified motor vehicle" does not include a recreational vehicle not used in
230	connection with any business activity.
231	[(14)] (16) "Rack," as used in Part 3, Special Fuel, means a deck, platform, or open bay
232	which consists of a series of metered pipes and hoses for the delivery or removal of diesel fuel
233	from a refinery or terminal into a motor vehicle, rail car, or vessel.
234	[(15)] (17) "Removal," as used in Part 3, Special Fuel, means the physical transfer of
235	diesel fuel from a production, manufacturing, terminal, or refinery facility and includes use of
236	diesel fuel. Removal does not include:
237	(a) loss by evaporation or destruction; or
238	(b) transfers between refineries, racks, or terminals.
239	[(16)] (18) (a) "Special fuel" means any fuel regardless of name or character that:
240	(i) is usable as fuel to operate or propel a motor vehicle upon the public highways of
241	the state; and
242	(ii) is not taxed under the category of aviation or motor fuel.
243	(b) Special fuel includes:
244	(i) fuels that are not conveniently measurable on a gallonage basis; and

245	(ii) diesel fuel.
246	[(17)] (19) "Supplier," as used in Part 3, Special Fuel, means a person who:
247	(a) imports or acquires immediately upon importation into this state diesel fuel from
248	within or without a state, territory, or possession of the United States or the District of
249	Columbia;
250	(b) produces, manufactures, refines, or blends diesel fuel in this state;
251	(c) otherwise acquires for distribution or sale in this state, diesel fuel with respect to
252	which there has been no previous taxable sale or use; or
253	(d) is in a two party exchange where the receiving party is deemed to be the supplier.
254	[(18)] (20) "Terminal," as used in Part 3, Special Fuel, means a facility for the storage
255	of diesel fuel which is supplied by a motor vehicle, pipeline, or vessel and from which diesel
256	fuel is removed for distribution at a rack.
257	[(19)] (21) "Two party exchange" means a transaction in which special fuel is
258	transferred between licensed suppliers pursuant to an exchange agreement.
259	[(20)] (22) "Undyed diesel fuel" means diesel fuel that is not subject to the dyeing
260	requirements in accordance with 26 U.S.C. Sec. 4082 or United States Environmental
261	Protection Agency or Internal Revenue Service regulations.
262	[(21)] (23) "Use," as used in Part 3, Special Fuel, means the consumption of special
263	fuel for the operation or propulsion of a motor vehicle upon the public highways of the state
264	and includes the reception of special fuel into the fuel supply tank of a motor vehicle.
265	[(22)] (24) "User," as used in Part 3, Special Fuel, means any person who uses special
266	fuel within this state in an engine or motor for the generation of power to operate or propel a
267	motor vehicle upon the public highways of the state.
268	$\left[\frac{(23)}{(25)}\right]$ "Ute tribal member" means an enrolled member of the Ute tribe.
269	[(24)] (26) "Ute tribe" means the Ute Indian Tribe of the Uintah and Ouray
270	Reservation.
271	$\left[\frac{(25)}{(27)}\right]$ "Ute trust land" means the lands:
272	(a) of the Uintah and Ouray Reservation that are held in trust by the United States for
273	the benefit of:
274	(i) the Ute tribe;
275	(ii) an individual; or

276	(iii) a group of individuals; or
277	(b) specified as trust land by agreement between the governor and the Ute tribe meeting
278	the requirements of Subsections 59-13-201.5(3) and 59-13-301.5(3).
279	Section 5. Section 59-13-201 is amended to read:
280	59-13-201. Rate Tax basis Exemptions Revenue deposited in the
281	Transportation Fund Restricted account for boating uses Refunds Reduction of tax
282	in limited circumstances.
283	(1) (a) Subject to the provisions of this section and until June 30, 2016, a tax is
284	imposed at the rate of 24-1/2 cents per gallon upon all motor fuel that is sold, used, or received
285	for sale or used in this state.
286	(b) (i) Subject to the provisions of this section and beginning on July 1, 2016, a tax is
287	imposed at the rate of 14% of the statewide average rack price of a gallon of motor fuel per
288	gallon upon all motor fuel that is sold, used, or received for sale or used in this state.
289	(ii) Subject to the requirements under Subsection (1)(b)(iii), the statewide average rack
290	price of a gallon of motor fuel under Subsection (1)(b)(i) shall be determined by calculating the
291	previous calendar year statewide average rack price of a gallon of regular unleaded motor fuel,
292	excluding federal and state excise taxes, for the 12 months ending on the previous December
293	31 as published by an oil pricing service.
294	(iii) (A) Subject to the requirement in Subsection (1)(b)(iii)(B), the statewide average
295	rack price of a gallon of motor fuel determined under Subsection (1)(b)(ii) may not be less than
296	\$1.75 per gallon.
297	(B) For calendar years beginning on or after January 1, 2017, the commission shall, on
298	July 1, annually adjust the minimum statewide average rack price of a gallon of motor fuel
299	described in Subsection (1)(b)(iii)(A) by taking the minimum statewide average rack price of a
300	gallon of motor fuel for the previous year and adding an amount equal to the greater of:
301	(I) an amount calculated by multiplying the minimum average rack price of a gallon of
302	motor fuel for the previous year by the actual percent change during the previous calendar year
303	in the Consumer Price Index; and
304	<u>(II) 0.</u>
305	(C) Subject to the requirement in Subsection (1)(b)(iii)(D), the statewide average rack
306	nrice of a gallon of motor fuel determined by the commission under Subsection (1)(b)(ii) may

307	not exceed \$4.00 per gallon.
308	(D) For a calendar year following the year that the maximum statewide average rack
309	price of a gallon of motor fuel reaches the maximum under Subsection (1)(b)(iii)(C), the
310	commission shall on July 1 annually adjust the maximum statewide average rack price of a
311	gallon of motor fuel described in Subsection (1)(b)(iii)(C) by taking the maximum statewide
312	average rack price of a gallon of motor fuel for the previous year and adding an amount equal
313	to the greater of:
314	(I) an amount calculated by multiplying the maximum statewide average rack price of a
315	gallon of motor fuel for the previous year by two times the actual percent change during the
316	previous calendar year in the Consumer Price Index; and
317	(II) 0.
318	(iv) The commission shall annually:
319	(A) determine the statewide average rack price of a gallon of motor fuel in accordance
320	with Subsection (1)(b)(ii); and
321	(B) adjust the fuel tax imposed under Subsection (1)(b)(i), rounded to the nearest
322	one-tenth of a cent, based on the determination under Subsection (1)(b)(ii); and
323	(C) post or otherwise make public the adjusted fuel tax rate as determined in
324	Subsection (1)(b)(iv)(B) no later than 60 days prior to the annual effective date under
325	Subsection (1)(b)(v).
326	(v) The tax rate imposed under this Subsection (1)(b) and adjusted as required under
327	Subsection (1)(b)(iv) shall take effect on July 1 of each year.
328	[(b)] (c) In lieu of the tax imposed under Subsection (1)(a) or (b) and subject to the
329	provisions of this section, a tax is imposed at the rate of 3/19 of the rate imposed under
330	Subsection (1)(a) or (b), rounded up to the nearest penny, upon all motor fuels that meet the
331	definition of clean fuel in Section 59-13-102 and are sold, used, or received for sale or use in
332	this state.
333	(2) Any increase or decrease in tax rate applies to motor fuel that is imported to the
334	state or sold at refineries in the state on or after the effective date of the rate change.
335	(3) (a) No motor fuel tax is imposed upon:
336	(i) motor fuel that is brought into and sold in this state in original packages as purely
337	interstate commerce sales;

(ii) motor fuel that is exported from this state if proof of actual exportation on forms prescribed by the commission is made within 180 days after exportation;

- (iii) motor fuel or components of motor fuel that is sold and used in this state and distilled from coal, oil shale, rock asphalt, bituminous sand, or solid hydrocarbons located in this state; or
- (iv) motor fuel that is sold to the United States government, this state, or the political subdivisions of this state.
- (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission shall make rules governing the procedures for administering the tax exemption provided under Subsection (3)(a)(iv).
- (4) The commission may either collect no tax on motor fuel exported from the state or, upon application, refund the tax paid.
- (5) (a) All revenue received by the commission under this part shall be deposited daily with the state treasurer and credited to the Transportation Fund.
- (b) An appropriation from the Transportation Fund shall be made to the commission to cover expenses incurred in the administration and enforcement of this part and the collection of the motor fuel tax.
- (6) (a) The commission shall determine what amount of motor fuel tax revenue is received from the sale or use of motor fuel used in motorboats registered under the provisions of the State Boating Act, and this amount shall be deposited in a restricted revenue account in the General Fund of the state.
- (b) The funds from this account shall be used for the construction, improvement, operation, and maintenance of state-owned boating facilities and for the payment of the costs and expenses of the Division of Parks and Recreation in administering and enforcing the State Boating Act.
- (7) (a) The United States government or any of its instrumentalities, this state, or a political subdivision of this state that has purchased motor fuel from a licensed distributor or from a retail dealer of motor fuel and has paid the tax on the motor fuel as provided in this section is entitled to a refund of the tax and may file with the commission for a quarterly refund.
 - (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the

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Navajo Nation.

369	commission shall make rules governing the application and refund provided for in Subsection
370	(7)(a).
371	(8) (a) The commission shall refund annually into the Off-Highway Vehicle Account in
372	the General Fund an amount equal to the lesser of the following:
373	(i) .5% of the motor fuel tax revenues collected under this section; or
374	(ii) \$1,050,000.
375	(b) This amount shall be used as provided in Section 41-22-19.
376	(9) (a) Beginning on April 1, 2001, a tax imposed under this section on motor fuel that
377	is sold, used, or received for sale or use in this state is reduced to the extent provided in
378	Subsection (9)(b) if:
379	(i) a tax imposed on the basis of the sale, use, or receipt for sale or use of the motor
380	fuel is paid to the Navajo Nation;
381	(ii) the tax described in Subsection (9)(a)(i) is imposed without regard to whether or
382	not the person required to pay the tax is an enrolled member of the Navajo Nation; and
383	(iii) the commission and the Navajo Nation execute and maintain an agreement as
384	provided in this Subsection (9) for the administration of the reduction of tax.
385	(b) (i) If but for Subsection (9)(a) the motor fuel is subject to a tax imposed by this
386	section:
387	(A) the state shall be paid the difference described in Subsection (9)(b)(ii) if that
388	difference is greater than \$0; and
389	(B) a person may not require the state to provide a refund, a credit, or similar tax relief
390	if the difference described in Subsection (9)(b)(ii) is less than or equal to \$0.
391	(ii) The difference described in Subsection (9)(b)(i) is equal to the difference between:
392	(A) the amount of tax imposed on the motor fuel by this section; less
393	(B) the tax imposed and collected by the Navajo Nation on the motor fuel.
394	(c) For purposes of Subsections (9)(a) and (b), the tax paid to the Navajo Nation under
395	a tax imposed by the Navajo Nation on the basis of the sale, use, or receipt for sale or use of
396	motor fuel does not include any interest or penalties a taxpayer may be required to pay to the

(d) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission shall make rules governing the procedures for administering the reduction of tax

400	provided under this Subsection (9).
401	(e) The agreement required under Subsection (9)(a):
402	(i) may not:
403	(A) authorize the state to impose a tax in addition to a tax imposed under this chapter;
404	(B) provide a reduction of taxes greater than or different from the reduction described
405	in this Subsection (9); or
406	(C) affect the power of the state to establish rates of taxation;
407	(ii) shall:
408	(A) be in writing;
409	(B) be signed by:
410	(I) the chair of the commission or the chair's designee; and
411	(II) a person designated by the Navajo Nation that may bind the Navajo Nation;
412	(C) be conditioned on obtaining any approval required by federal law;
413	(D) state the effective date of the agreement; and
414	(E) state any accommodation the Navajo Nation makes related to the construction and
415	maintenance of state highways and other infrastructure within the Utah portion of the Navajo
416	Nation; and
417	(iii) may:
418	(A) notwithstanding Section 59-1-403, authorize the commission to disclose to the
419	Navajo Nation information that is:
420	(I) contained in a document filed with the commission; and
421	(II) related to the tax imposed under this section;
422	(B) provide for maintaining records by the commission or the Navajo Nation; or
423	(C) provide for inspections or audits of distributors, carriers, or retailers located or
424	doing business within the Utah portion of the Navajo Nation.
425	(f) (i) If, on or after April 1, 2001, the Navajo Nation changes the tax rate of a tax
426	imposed on motor fuel, any change in the reduction of taxes under this Subsection (9) as a
427	result of the change in the tax rate is not effective until the first day of the calendar quarter after
428	a 60-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice:
429	(A) from the Navajo Nation; and
430	(B) meeting the requirements of Subsection (9)(f)(ii).

431	(11) The notice described in Subsection (9)(1)(1) shall state:
432	(A) that the Navajo Nation has changed or will change the tax rate of a tax imposed on
433	motor fuel;
434	(B) the effective date of the rate change of the tax described in Subsection (9)(f)(ii)(A);
435	and
436	(C) the new rate of the tax described in Subsection (9)(f)(ii)(A).
437	(g) If the agreement required by Subsection (9)(a) terminates, a reduction of tax is not
438	permitted under this Subsection (9) beginning on the first day of the calendar quarter after a
439	30-day period beginning on the day the agreement terminates.
440	(h) If there is a conflict between this Subsection (9) and the agreement required by
441	Subsection (9)(a), this Subsection (9) governs.
442	Section 6. Section 59-13-301 is amended to read:
443	59-13-301. Tax basis Rate Exemptions Revenue deposited with treasurer
444	and credited to Transportation Fund Reduction of tax in limited circumstances.
445	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (2), (3), (11), and (12) and Section
446	59-13-304, a tax is imposed at the same [rate] rates imposed under [Subsection] Subsections
447	59-13-201(1)(a) <u>and (b)</u> on the:
448	(i) removal of undyed diesel fuel from any refinery;
449	(ii) removal of undyed diesel fuel from any terminal;
450	(iii) entry into the state of any undyed diesel fuel for consumption, use, sale, or
451	warehousing;
452	(iv) sale of undyed diesel fuel to any person who is not registered as a supplier under
453	this part unless the tax has been collected under this section;
454	(v) any untaxed special fuel blended with undyed diesel fuel; or
455	(vi) use of untaxed special fuel other than propane or electricity.
456	(b) The tax imposed under this section shall only be imposed once upon any special
457	fuel.
458	(2) (a) No special fuel tax is imposed or collected upon dyed diesel fuel which:
459	(i) is sold or used for any purpose other than to operate or propel a motor vehicle upon
460	the public highways of the state, but this exemption applies only in those cases where the
461	purchasers or the users of special fuel establish to the satisfaction of the commission that the

462 special fuel was used for purposes other than to operate a motor vehicle upon the public 463 highways of the state; or 464 (ii) is sold to this state or any of its political subdivisions. 465 (b) No special fuel tax is imposed on undyed diesel fuel or clean fuel that is: 466 (i) sold to the United States government or any of its instrumentalities or to this state or 467 any of its political subdivisions; 468 (ii) exported from this state if proof of actual exportation on forms prescribed by the 469 commission is made within 180 days after exportation: 470 (iii) used in a vehicle off-highway; 471 (iv) used to operate a power take-off unit of a vehicle; 472 (v) used for off-highway agricultural uses; 473 (vi) used in a separately fueled engine on a vehicle that does not propel the vehicle 474 upon the highways of the state; or 475 (vii) used in machinery and equipment not registered and not required to be registered 476 for highway use. 477 (3) No tax is imposed or collected on special fuel if it is: 478 (a) (i) purchased for business use in machinery and equipment not registered and not 479 required to be registered for highway use: and 480 (ii) used pursuant to the conditions of a state implementation plan approved under Title 481 19, Chapter 2, Air Conservation Act; or 482 (b) propane or electricity. 483 (4) Upon request of a buyer meeting the requirements under Subsection (3), the 484 Division of Air Quality shall issue an exemption certificate that may be shown to a seller. 485 (5) The special fuel tax shall be paid by the supplier. 486 (6) (a) The special fuel tax shall be paid by every user who is required by Sections 487 59-13-303 and 59-13-305 to obtain a special fuel user permit and file special fuel tax reports. 488 (b) The user shall receive a refundable credit for special fuel taxes paid on purchases 489 which are delivered into vehicles and for which special fuel tax liability is reported.

(7) (a) Except as provided under Subsections (7)(b) and (c), all revenue received by the

commission from taxes and license fees under this part shall be deposited daily with the state

treasurer and credited to the Transportation Fund.

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- (b) An appropriation from the Transportation Fund shall be made to the commission to cover expenses incurred in the administration and enforcement of this part and the collection of the special fuel tax.
- (c) Five dollars of each special fuel user trip permit fee paid under Section 59-13-303 may be used by the commission as a dedicated credit to cover the costs of electronic credentialing as provided in Section 41-1a-303.
- (8) The commission may either collect no tax on special fuel exported from the state or, upon application, refund the tax paid.
- (9) (a) The United States government or any of its instrumentalities, this state, or a political subdivision of this state that has purchased special fuel from a supplier or from a retail dealer of special fuel and has paid the tax on the special fuel as provided in this section is entitled to a refund of the tax and may file with the commission for a quarterly refund in a manner prescribed by the commission.
- (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission shall make rules governing the application and refund provided for in Subsection (9)(a).
- (10) (a) The purchaser shall pay the tax on diesel fuel or clean fuel purchased for uses under Subsections (2)(b)(i), (iii), (iv), (v), (vi), and (vii) and apply for a refund for the tax paid as provided in Subsection (9) and this Subsection (10).
- (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission shall make rules governing the application and refund for off-highway and nonhighway uses provided under Subsections (2)(b)(iii), (iv), (vi), and (vii).
- (c) A refund of tax paid under this part on diesel fuel used for nonhighway agricultural uses shall be made in accordance with the tax return procedures under Section 59-13-202.
- (11) (a) Beginning on April 1, 2001, a tax imposed under this section on special fuel is reduced to the extent provided in Subsection (11)(b) if:
 - (i) the Navajo Nation imposes a tax on the special fuel;
- (ii) the tax described in Subsection (11)(a)(i) is imposed without regard to whether the person required to pay the tax is an enrolled member of the Navajo Nation; and
- 522 (iii) the commission and the Navajo Nation execute and maintain an agreement as 523 provided in this Subsection (11) for the administration of the reduction of tax.

524	(b) (i) If but for Subsection (11)(a) the special fuel is subject to a tax imposed by this
525	section:
526	(A) the state shall be paid the difference described in Subsection (11)(b)(ii) if that
527	difference is greater than \$0; and
528	(B) a person may not require the state to provide a refund, a credit, or similar tax relief
529	if the difference described in Subsection (11)(b)(ii) is less than or equal to \$0.
530	(ii) The difference described in Subsection (11)(b)(i) is equal to the difference
531	between:
532	(A) the amount of tax imposed on the special fuel by this section; less
533	(B) the tax imposed and collected by the Navajo Nation on the special fuel.
534	(c) For purposes of Subsections (11)(a) and (b), the tax paid to the Navajo Nation on
535	the special fuel does not include any interest or penalties a taxpayer may be required to pay to
536	the Navajo Nation.
537	(d) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
538	commission shall make rules governing the procedures for administering the reduction of tax
539	provided under this Subsection (11).
540	(e) The agreement required under Subsection (11)(a):
541	(i) may not:
542	(A) authorize the state to impose a tax in addition to a tax imposed under this chapter;
543	(B) provide a reduction of taxes greater than or different from the reduction described
544	in this Subsection (11); or
545	(C) affect the power of the state to establish rates of taxation;
546	(ii) shall:
547	(A) be in writing;
548	(B) be signed by:
549	(I) the chair of the commission or the chair's designee; and
550	(II) a person designated by the Navajo Nation that may bind the Navajo Nation;
551	(C) be conditioned on obtaining any approval required by federal law;
552	(D) state the effective date of the agreement; and
553	(E) state any accommodation the Navajo Nation makes related to the construction and
554	maintenance of state highways and other infrastructure within the Utah portion of the Navajo

555	Nation; and
556	(iii) may:
557	(A) notwithstanding Section 59-1-403, authorize the commission to disclose to the
558	Navajo Nation information that is:
559	(I) contained in a document filed with the commission; and
560	(II) related to the tax imposed under this section;
561	(B) provide for maintaining records by the commission or the Navajo Nation; or
562	(C) provide for inspections or audits of suppliers, distributors, carriers, or retailers
563	located or doing business within the Utah portion of the Navajo Nation.
564	(f) (i) If, on or after April 1, 2001, the Navajo Nation changes the tax rate of a tax
565	imposed on special fuel, any change in the amount of the reduction of taxes under this
566	Subsection (11) as a result of the change in the tax rate is not effective until the first day of the
567	calendar quarter after a 60-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice:
568	(A) from the Navajo Nation; and
569	(B) meeting the requirements of Subsection (11)(f)(ii).
570	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (11)(f)(i) shall state:
571	(A) that the Navajo Nation has changed or will change the tax rate of a tax imposed on
572	special fuel;
573	(B) the effective date of the rate change of the tax described in Subsection
574	(11)(f)(ii)(A); and
575	(C) the new rate of the tax described in Subsection (11)(f)(ii)(A).
576	(g) If the agreement required by Subsection (11)(a) terminates, a reduction of tax is not
577	permitted under this Subsection (11) beginning on the first day of the calendar quarter after a
578	30-day period beginning on the day the agreement terminates.
579	(h) If there is a conflict between this Subsection (11) and the agreement required by
580	Subsection (11)(a), this Subsection (11) governs.
581	(12) (a) Beginning on January 1, 2009, a tax imposed under this section on compressed
582	natural gas is imposed at a reduced rate of 8-1/2 cents per gasoline gallon equivalent to be
583	increased [or decreased] proportionately with any increase [or decrease] in the rate in
584	Subsection 59-13-201(1)(a).
585	(b) Beginning on July 1, 2011, a tax imposed under this section on liquified natural gas

586	is imposed at a reduced rate of 8-1/2 cents per gasoline gallon equivalent to be increased [or
587	decreased] proportionately with any increase [or decrease] in the rate in Subsection
588	59-13-201(1)(a).
589	Section 7. Repealer.
590	This bill repeals:
591	Section 59-13-104, Tax rate decals Posted on pump.
592	Section 8. Effective date.
593	This bill takes effect on January 1, 2016.

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Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel